

Course No.	Course Name	L-T-P Credits	Year of Introduction
CS309	GRAPH THEORY AND COMBINATORICS	2-0-2-3	2015
<b>Course Objectives</b> <i>To introduce the fundamental concepts in graph theory, including properties and characterization of graphs/ trees and Graphs theoretic algorithms</i>			
<b>Syllabus</b> Introductory concepts of graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian graphs, Planar Graphs, Trees, Vertex connectivity and edge connectivity, Cut set and Cut vertices, Matrix representation of graphs, Graphs theoretic algorithms.			
<b>Expected Outcome</b> Student is able to <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Demonstrate the knowledge of fundamental concepts in graph theory, including properties and characterization of graphs and trees.</i></li> <li>2. <i>Use graphs for solving real life problems.</i></li> <li>3. <i>Distinguish between planar and non-planar graphs and solve problems.</i></li> <li>4. <i>Develop efficient algorithms for graph related problems in different domains of engineering and science.</i></li> </ol>			
<b>Text Books</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NarasinghDeo, Graph theory, PHI.</li> <li>2. Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall India Ltd.</li> <li>3. Robin J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory, Longman Group Ltd.</li> </ol>			
<b>References</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. R. Diestel, Graph Theory, free online edition: <a href="http://diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html">diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html</a>.</li> </ol>			
Course Plan			
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %
I	Introductory concepts - What is graph - Application of graphs - finite and infinite graphs - Incidence and Degree - Isolated vertex, pendent vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits - Isomorphism, sub graphs,	09	15 %

	walks, paths and circuits, Connected graphs, disconnect graphs.		
<b>II</b>	Euler graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Dirac's theorem for Hamiltonicity, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graphs - types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation	<b>10</b>	<b>15 %</b>
<b>FIRST INTERNAL EXAM</b>			
<b>III</b>	Trees - properties, pendent vertex, Distance and centres - Rooted and binary tree, counting trees, spanning trees.	<b>07</b>	<b>15 %</b>
<b>IV</b>	Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut Vertices, Fundamental circuits, Planar graphs, Different representation of planar graphs, Euler's theorem, Geometric dual, Combinatorial dual.	<b>09</b>	<b>15 %</b>
<b>SECOND INTERNAL EXAM</b>			
<b>V</b>	Matrix representation of graphs- Adjacency matrix, Incidence Matrix, Circuit matrix, Fundamental Circuit matrix and Rank, Cut set matrix, Path matrix	<b>08</b>	<b>20 %</b>
<b>VI</b>	Graphs theoretic algorithms - Algorithm for computer representation of a graph, algorithm for connectedness and components, spanning tree, shortest path.	<b>07</b>	<b>20 %</b>
<b>END SEMESTER EXAM</b>			

### Question Paper Pattern

- There will be *five* parts in the question paper - A, B, C, D, E
- Part A
  - Total marks : 12
  - Four* questions each having 3 marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; All *four* questions have to be answered.
- Part B

- a. Total marks : 18
  - b. Three questions each having 9 marks, uniformly covering modules I and II; Two questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
4. Part C
- a. Total marks : 12
  - b. Four questions each having 3 marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; All four questions have to be answered.
5. Part D
- a. Total marks : 18
  - b. Three questions each having 9 marks, uniformly covering modules III and IV; Two questions have to be answered. Each question can have a maximum of three subparts.
6. Part E
- a. Total Marks: 40
  - b. Six questions each carrying 10 marks, uniformly covering modules V and VI; four questions have to be answered.
  - c. A question can have a maximum of three sub-parts.
7. There should be at least 60% analytical/numerical questions.