| Course code | Course Name         | L-T-P -<br>Credits | Year of<br>Introduction |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| RLMCA108    | OPERATIONS RESEARCH | 3-1-0-4            | 2016                    |

## **Course Objectives**

- To introduce Operations research as a tool used to solve decision making problems in a wide range of areas.
- To impart different modeling techniques of real world problems and the various optimization techniques for solving these models.

## **Syllabus**

Linear Programming model and various methods for solving the models- The transportation and assignment problems - Probabilistic models - game theory and queuing theory. Simulation models - the virtual running of a real world problem.

## **Expected Outcome**

The students will be able to

- i. Construct a mathematical model of a real world problem which has many alternative solutions which makes the decision maker unable to take a decision.
- ii. Learn about various optimization methods that are employed to solve these mathematical models to find a solution which is in the best interest of the decision maker.

## References

- 1. Hamdy A.Taha, "Operations Research-An Introduction", Prentice Hall of India
- 2. Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta and Man Mohan "Operations Research", Sultan Chand (2010).
- 3. Ravindran, Philips and Solberg, Wiley., "Operations Research", Second edition (2007), Wiley.

|        | Course Plan   |       |                    |  |  |  |
|--------|---|-------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Module | Contents  | Hours | Sem. Exam<br>Marks |  |  |  |
| I      | Introduction to O.R-Modeling in O.R -Solution methods for O.R- Methodology of O.R Linear Programming Problem-Formulation-Graphical method-Simplex method-Big M method-Two phase method.   | 8     | 15%                |  |  |  |
| п      | Duality in LPP-Statement of Duality theorems-Statement of complementary slackness theorem Solving LPP using duality-Dual simplex method.  | 9     | 15%                |  |  |  |
|        | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION  |       |                    |  |  |  |
| III    | Transportation problem-Methods to find initial basic feasible solution-Northwest corner rule-Matrix minima method-Vogel's Approximation method.  Solving a TP -MODI method -Degeneracy in TP-Unbalanced TP-Maximization in TP Assignment problem-Hungarian method of assignment-Maximization in assignment problem. | 9     | 15%                |  |  |  |
| IV     | Game Theory-Two person zero sum game-Basic notions-saddle point-Maximin-Minimax principle.  Games without saddle point-Mixed strategies-Algebraic method for solving two person zero sum game-Graphical method for 2xn and mx2 games-Dominance principle-Solving mxn game -using dominance-LPP method.              | 9     | 15%                |  |  |  |

| •            | Queuing theory-Elements of a queuing system-Kendall's             |    |     |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|----|-----|--|--|--|
|              | notation-Operating characteristics-Poisson process-               |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | Exponential distribution-mean and variance-Birth and death        | 11 | 20% |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{V}$ | process.  |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | Queuing models based on Poisson process-Single server models      |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | with finite and infinite capacity-Multi server models with finite |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | and infinite capacity.  |    |     |  |  |  |
| X            | SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION                                       |    |     |  |  |  |
| A            | Simulation-Methodology of Simulation-Simulation models-           |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | Event type simulation-Generation of Random numbers.               |    |     |  |  |  |
| VI           | Multiplication congruence algorithm-Inverse transformation        | 10 | 20% |  |  |  |
| 100          | method-Monte-Carlo simulation-Simulation of a queuing             |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | system.   |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | END SEMESTER EXAM   |    |     |  |  |  |
|              | QUESTION PAPER PATTERN  |    |     |  |  |  |

There will be two parts in the Question paper - Part A and Part B.

Part A will have 8 short answer questions of 3 marks each (8 X 3 M = 24 M). There will be no choice questions.

**Part B** will have 6 essay questions one from each module of 6 marks each, with an alternative choice question from the same module (6 x 6M=36M). The maximum number of sub part questions in **Part B** to be limited to 2.

The total marks assigned to questions in Part A (Short answer) and Part B (Essay) together from a single module will not exceed the marks assigned to that module specified in the course plan.